### Bulletin

# Kristiansund Grand Prix & Arctic Securities Chess Stars





Nr 2	2010-08-28	Price: 5	NOK
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### GM Vladimir Georgiev 1st place 2009

You have birthday today. Congratulations! Thank you!

#### How was your game today?

It was not good. I had a big advantage and refused draw, but I lost.

#### Do you like Norway?

Yes. It's very clean, and it's a lot of mountains and lakes. I like water. I was in Oslo in one week before this tournament.

#### What do you think about the tournament?

I like the place! And I like the tournament, I like the people. I was here last year, and I hope to come back next year, and the year after that... It's very nice here.

#### How much do you travel every year?

Nobody knows! But it's a lot. I have been to more than 50 countries. I like traveling, make new friends, and come back to places I like.

## In your opinion, who is the favourite in the rapid tournament? Maybe Carlsen. For chess it's better if he wins here in Norway. But actually, it doesn't matter, it will be a great tournament

anyway. Number one against the world champion!

#### The world champions

### Magnus Carlsen vs. Vishy Anand



We can also proudly present two other star players; Jon Ludvig Hammer (Norwegian player on the rise) and Judit Polgar (the world's best female chess player)

Saturday 13:30 Ticket sale opens to the public (Please be early - 250 ex tickets are already pre-sold) 14:30

First match begins

Sunday

14:30 First match begins

Monday

14:00 First match final and bronze final 15:40Second match final and bronze final

Rapid chess: Players have 20 minutes each and 10 minutes extra per move. 6 matches, double rounds.

TV big screen: The finals will also be shown in a separate room at the Caroline Theater

Commentary by International Master Torstein Bae

Ticket prices: 200 NOK per day





#### Thomas Thomassen - Tore Kolås 1.c4 ∅f6 2.g3

Normally white plays g2-g3 after black has played e7-e6. Therefore it's possible to argue that black should play 2...e6, 3... d5 and 4...\(\delta\)f5 or 4...\(\delta\)g4 here, but that positions is not to everyones taste.

#### 2...g6 3.\(\preceq\$g2 d5

3...\done{o}g7 can be met by 4.e4 and a Grunfeld is not longer possible. 4.cxd5 \delta xd5 \delta xd5 5.\delta c3

White gets a preferable Grunfeld, because the knight is not on f3 yet, and black thus has to react to the threat against d5.



#### 5...**包**b6

5...②xc3 6.bxc3 遠g7 7.罩b1! shows another point with dealying 公f3. White is not threatening 8.遠xb7 here due to 8...遠xb7 9.罩xb7 營d5, but he is threatening 8.罩xb7! Black is forced to play the slightly passive 7...②d7

6.♠f3 &g7 7.0-0 ♠c6 7...c5 is another option.

#### 8.d3

White has an extra pawn in the centre, but he doesn't advance it yet. Instead white will play for the c5-square with \$\&e3\$, \$\Zc1\$ and \$\&e4-c5\$.

With the positional threat of \$\dosean6.

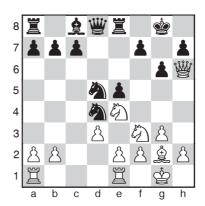
#### 10...≌e8 11.ᡚe4

It seems more accurate to play 11. h6 immediately, avoiding the threat against the pawn on e2.

#### 11...公d4 12.罩fe1

This move is probably to prepare \(\frac{1}{2}\)h6, which doesn't work now because of \(12...\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)xh6 and \(13...\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)xe2+

12...Ød5 13. \$h6 \$xh6 14. \text{\text{\text{\text{\$\genty}\$}}}xh6



#### 14...**包c2**?

Kolås is always up for a fight, but this time he is playing with the fire. 14... △f5! 15. ∰d2 and white is slightly better due to the fianchetto bishop and sound pawn structure.

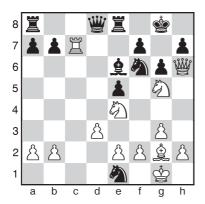
#### 15. 2fg5! 2f6 16. \alpha ac1

16. 2xf6+ \(\delta\)xf6 17. \(\delta\)d5 \(\delta\)e6 18. \(\delta\)xe6

fxe6 19.罩ac1 ②xe1 20.豐xh7+ 查f8 21.罩xc7 is the most convincing line.

#### 16...②xe1 17.置xc7

This threatens \(\mathbb{Z}\)xf7 and seems highly promising, but black has a defence. 17...\(\delta\)e6



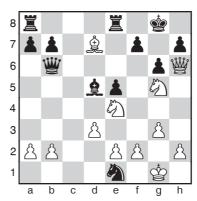
18.单h3!
Trying to deflect the bishop on e6.
18...单d5

Only move, 18... \(\frac{1}{2}\)xh3 19.\(\frac{1}{2}\)xf7 is mating. This is an amazing position. What can black do next? If he moves \(\frac{1}{2}\)g8, \(\frac{1}{2}\)f6, \(\frac{1}{2}\)e8 or \(\frac{1}{2}\)d8 he is mated. \(\frac{1}{2}\)d5 must stay where it is to defend f7 and be ready to capture on e4. \(\frac{1}{2}\)e1 is trapped and \(\frac{1}{2}\)a8 can only move to b8. In a position like this, it's not easy to stop and think about your opponent's active plan.

White is free to do whatever he wishes! Thomassen choses to play straight forward, which is also a good option.

#### 19.罩d7!? ②xd7 20.鼻xd7

White is threatening 21. 逾xe8 and the rook can't move. The queen must continue to defend against 公f6+. Since 20... 過e7 is met by 21. 過xh7 空f8 22. 過h8 mate the only remaining move is... **20...** 過b6

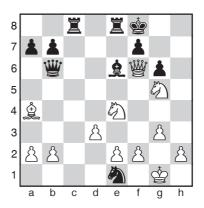


#### 21.\\delta a4

The idea with this move was that the bishop was hanging after 21. 增xh7+ 查f8 22. 增h8+ 查e7 23. 增e5+. 21. 鱼e6!! blocks both the sixth rank and the d5-f7-diagonal. Black threatens both 22. 包f6+ and 22. 增xh7+. Black can't defend against both. 21... 罩xe6

#### 

Just like in first round, Kolås has extreme time trouble. Again he survived. The position still looks promising for white, but there is no winning line anymore.



26.營h8+ 空e7 27.營f6+ 空f8 28.營h8+ ½-½



#### Anders S. Nordli - Brede Hagen 1.e4 e5 2.∅f3 ∅c6 3.d4 exd4 4.∅xd4 ∅f6 5.∅c3

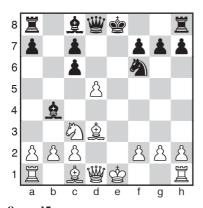
5. 2xc6 bxc6 6.e5 is the mainline.

#### 5...**≜b**4

Threatening to take on e4, and since white can't play \(\delta\)d3 for the moment he is forced to take on c6, thus strengthening black's centre.

#### 6. ②xc6 bxc6 7. 单d3 d5

The direct consequense of 6...bxc6. **8.exd5** 



#### 8...cxd5

The move order staring with 8...0-0 should also be possible, because 9.dxc6  $\Xi$ e8+ is promising for black.

#### 9.0-0

9. ₩e2+ with the idea of 9... 2e7 10. 2g5 0-0 11.0-0-0 is an extra option white gets after 8...cxd5.

9...0-0 10. g5 c6 11. Ee1?!

I don't like this move, self-pinning the knight on c3. Normal is 11. \$\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}f3\$, when black can chose to either play 11...\$\mathbb{\mathbb{L}}e7\$ or allow \$\mathbb{\mathbb{L}}xf6\$. Both is considered to be okay in both cases.

#### 11...h6!

11...d4 12. ②e4! must have been white's idea, with the possible continuation 12... ②xe1? 13. ③xf6+ gxf6 14. ∰h5 fxg5 15. ∰xh7#

#### 12.\d2

12.\(\delta\)h4 g5 allows d5-d4 next move.

#### 12...\$d6!

The best diagonal for the bishop.

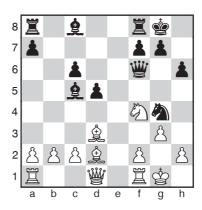
#### 13.₺e2

Heading for f5, but it's still two moves away.

#### 13...**2**g4 14.g3

14. 彙f4 營h4 15. 彙xd6 營xf2+ 16. 查h1 包e3 wins for black, because of the two decisive threats on d1 and g2.

#### 

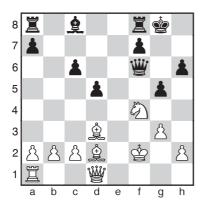


So far Hagen has played very well and reached a promising position. The best is now probably to be satisfied with capturing the pawn on b2. Hagen tries for more.

#### 16...\$xf2+

\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\) 19.\(\frac{1}{2}\hfrac{1}{5}\)! and white is winning. 17.\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf2\)\(\frac{1}{2}\xf2\xf

Clever. Black will take on f4 and be an exchange up. It's not that easy...



#### 19.\mathbb{\mathbb{m}}\text{h5! gxf4 20.gxf4!}

The threats along the c-file and the d3-h7, c3-h8 and d2-h6-diagonals are too much for black to handle.

**20... 查h8 21.f5! 查h7 22. ② xh6! 酒h8** 22... **遵 xh6** 23.f6+ checkmates in a few moves.

#### 23.罩g1!

The most exact finish.

#### E. Berg - Alexandra Kosteniuk

Emanuel has been faithful to 1.e4 his whole career, but recently he has played some games with 1.d4.

#### 

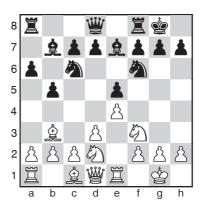
White threatens to win a pawn with 7.\(\delta\)xc6 and 8.\(\delta\)xe5, so black has to weaken the queen side.

#### 6...b5 7.\deltab3 0-0

Kosteniuk invites to a Marshall gambit. **8.d3** 

8.h3 and 8.a4 is the two most common Anti–Marshalls. They have a lot of common with the line Berg plays. White doesn't play d4, but instead continues with the normal spanish manouvering 2d2-f1-g3. White normally answers d7-d6 with c2-c3. Why? d6 defends the e5-pawn a second time and releases the knight. Black thus threatens 2a5, exchanging the bishop on b3, and c2-c3 gives a square for retreat.

8....臭b7 9. **包**bd2



#### 9...\$c5

9... ∑e8 is a good move, since 10. ∑f1 is met by 10... ∑a5! 11. ∑xe5 ∑xb3 12.axb3 d5 with sufficient play. White can play 10.c3, but then black has managed to force this move without spending a tempo at d7−d6.

#### 10.c3

It is to early to continue with the knight manouver: 10. \$\Delta\$f1 d5! 11.exd5 \$\Delta\$xd5 12. \$\Delta\$xe5 \$\Delta\$xf2 + 13. \$\Delta\$xf2 \$\Delta\$xe5 14. \$\Delta\$xe5

#### 10...\$b6 11.h3

11. aft is still met the same way.

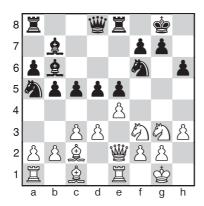
#### 11...h6 12.包f1

This allows d7-d5, but white has

difficulties to find another constructive plan.

#### 12...d5 13.\@e2

Avoiding the exchange of queens.. 13... \mathbb{2}e8 14. \Darkovg3 \Darkovga a5 15. \mathbb{2}c2 c5



Here white has two possible ways to continue, \$\alpha\$f3-h4-f5 or \$\alpha\$f3-h2-g4. Since 16.\$\alpha\$h4 loses a pawn to 16..\$\alpha\$xe4 only the latter remains. The idea with \$\alpha\$h2-g4 is to be able to play hxg4, which increases white's control over f5. Specially when h7-h6 is played this is an attactive plan, since a knight on f5 is difficult to chase away with g7-g6.

#### 16.②h2 c4!

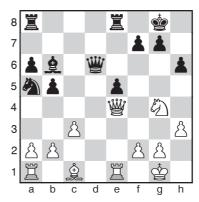
Kosteniuk plays on her side of the board, the queen side.

#### 17.₺g4 exd3

Exchanges everything before white's pressure on the king side is too big.

#### 18.**≜xd3 dxe4 19.**ᡚxe4 ᡚxe4 20**.≜**xe4 **≜**xe4 21.∰xe4

e5 is slightly weak, but the most important question in the position is whether Kosteniuk's queen side is weak or not. Already at the 6th move we talked about this ⊕weakness⊞, and it still exists. The space advantage has an upside too. Ideally black would like to place the knight on c4, force b2−c3 and



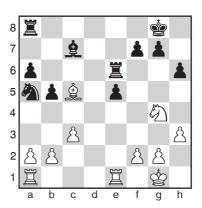
#### 22.\delta e3!

22. axis is not as bad as it looks, since 22...f6 can be met by 23. axis d3! Instead of winning the piece black has to increase the pressure, which will force white to take back on e1 with the knight. This is probably giving black enough compensation for the pawn.

#### 22...\$c7!?

Kosteniuk want to keep the pieces, because in the endgame the weak queenside will have more importance. Black's plan is now to play 23... 66 and 24...f5. Berg stops this with his next move.

23. #f5! #e6 24. #xe6 Exe6 25. \$c5



Evacuating e3 for the knight.

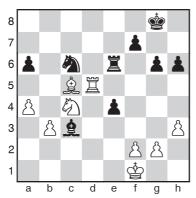
#### 25...**②b7?!**

This is just helping white. Better were 25... 2c4 with the strategic plan described after white's 21th move.

26. åa3 e4 27. \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) ad1 \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) d8 28. \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) xd8 29. \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) d1 \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) b6 30. \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) d5 \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) a5 31. b3 \( \text{\mathbb{Z}}\) c6

31...\mathbb{Z}c6 looks more logical to me. Now Berg slowly improves his position the next moves.

32.\$\dot\delta\$1 \$\ddagged\$ 33.\$\dot\delta\$23 \$\ddagged\$6 34.\$\cdot\delta\$4 bxc4 35.\$\dot\delta\$xc4 g6 36.\$\ddagged\$c5 \$\ddagged\$g7 37.a4 \$\ddagged\$c3



#### 38.\d6?!

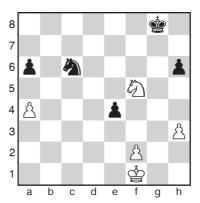
Berg was not happy with this decision after the game. He said that he should just have continued to improve the position slowly, with a clear advantage. I am quite impressed by 38.\mathbb{Z}d6, since it works out very well for white in every line, but some of the nice points isn't shown until eight moves from this position.

38...≅xd6 39.\(\Delta\)xd6 f5 40.g4 \(\Delta\)d4

40...fxg4 41.hxg4 and the pawn on e4 is lost.; 40...\$\delta e5 41.gxf5 \$\delta xd6 42.\delta xd6 gxf5 and a position where the bishop will be very effective since it's play on both wings.

**41.b4 ≜xc5 42.bxc5 ⊘d4** 42...⊘e7 is the same.

43.gxf5 gxf5 44.c6 ②xc6 45. ②xf5



This is the key position. Black can't avoid losing one of the pawns.

#### 45...\$f7!

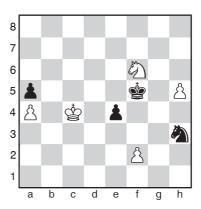
The best way of defending such endgames is as active as possible. 45... 查h7 46. ②g3 and the pawn on e4 is lost.

46.₺xh6+ фg6 47.₺g4 фg5 48.фe2

Here Emanuel had only some minutes for the rest of the game. It's an easy position to play, tough, since black has two serious weaknesses, e4 and a6. One of them was created already in move six... 48... 查f4 49. 查d2 ②d4 50. ②f6 a5 51. 查c3 ②e6 52. 查c4 ②g5 53.h4 ②h3 54.h5?

54. ② xe4 analogous to the game was already possible.

54...**∲**f5?



54...②xf2! 55.h6 e3 56.h7 e2 57.h8營 e1營 looks dangerous, with the queen badly placed on e1, but white has no way to win.

#### 

The knight is specially bad against flank pawns, and here white has two of them. Berg was down to less than a minute for the rest of the game, but he is very strong with almost no time.

#### 56...包g5 57.垫b5 空f5

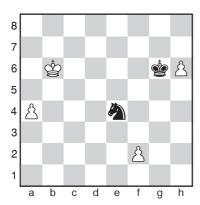
Now it's finally time to remove the a-pawn from the board.

#### 58. \$\dot{\psi}\$xa5 \$\dot{\psi}\$g6 59. \$\dot{\psi}\$b6

Berg told me after the game that he had calculated all lines to the end here. If the black knight manages to stop the pawn with ②c8, ②b5 or ②b4, it's a draw, but it isn't possible.

#### 59...Øe4

59... **②** f7 60. **Φ** c7! was one of the lines.



#### 60.**\$c6!**

The only winning move. 60.a5 公d6 draws, since the knight reaches c8 or b5. 60...公xf2 61.a5 公d3 62.堂b5!

Again the only winning move.

#### 62...\$xh6

62...፟ᡚf4 63.a6 ፟ᡚd5 64.a7 ፟ᡚc7+ 65.ჶc6 ፟ᡚa8 is no solid blockade.

#### 63.a6

The rest is quite easy, and didn't take Berg more than about 10 seconds. 63.... 空g5 64.a7 空f4 65.a8營 空e3 66.空c4 包e5+67.空d5 包f3 68.營e8+ 空f4 69.營e6 包d2 70.營e2 包f3 71.營f2 空g4 72.空e4 包g5+73.空e3 包e6 74.營f6 包g5 75.營g6 空h4 76.空f4 包h3+77.空f5 包f2 78.營g2! 1-0

78. 增g1 增h3 79. 增xf2 with stalemate, was the only thing white had to avoid.

#### A. Kosteniuk - Lars Madebrink 1.e4 c5 2.©f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.©xd4 ©f6 5.©c3 a6 6.\( \text{\$\text{g}}\$5 \text{\$\text{\$\text{D}}\$bd7



One weak ago in the NH Tournament two of the games started with 6.Bg5 Nbd7 in Najdorf, today's most fashionable opening line. In round three two of the top games in Kristiansund Grand Prix had the same position. Theory develops in Kristiansund! 7.\(\hat{2}\)c4 This move was a long time considered as white's critical response. Just like in Sozin he is ready to sacrifise on e6 if black isn't careful.

#### 7...₩b6 8.Дb3

8. dd2 dxb2 is analogous with Poison Pawn but should be better for black. 8. db3 is the most critical move.

8...e6

Black is satisfied. He has removed white's knight from the centre and will gain a tempo with 2c7 later on.

#### 9. gd2 e7

9... dec 10. dec 2 b5 looks like a good alternative.

#### 10.a4 \( \mathbb{M} \) c7 11.\( \mathbb{L} \) e2 b6

Even here black is fine. White's pieces looks a bit clumsy. With the pawn on c4, \( \Delta \) b3 would make sense, to prepare a4–a5, but now it's out of play. White has to castle short and \( \Delta g5 \) may be a tactical weakness.

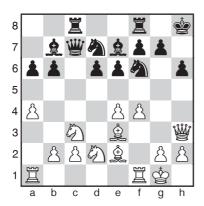
#### 12.0-0 \$b7 13.營e3 h6

13...0-0 is a good alternative.

#### 14.\$f4 \(\hat{Q}\)e5 15.\(\hat{Q}\)d2

White is not unhappy playing this move and will now gain a tempo with f4 later on.

15...0-0 16.豐g3 中h8 17.桌e3 罩ac8 18.f4 包ed7 19.豐h3



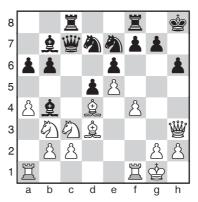
#### 19...d5

This move changes the character of the play. Now white's structure improves and black has to show some concrete play the next few moves.

#### 20.e5 🗓 g8?!

Unneccessary passive. 20... ②e4 is fine for black.

21. Øb3 &b4 22. &d4 Øe7 23. &d3



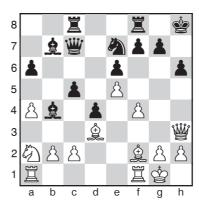
#### 23...இc5!

Creating counterplay.

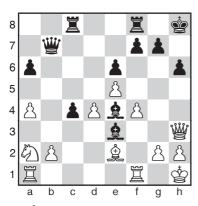
#### 24. 2 xc5?

You should never play moves like this, even if it's forced. Before this move white seemed to have slighly better centre control, but now black just crushes through with the c— and d—pawn. All other moves are better.

24...bxc5 25.\(\mathbb{L}\)f2 d4! 26.\(\Dar\)a2



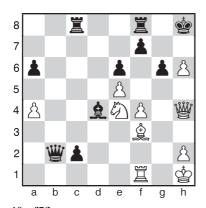
#### 26... gd2!



#### 32...\geqxd4

Finally black wins material. During the next six moves Madebrink plays very well and increases his advantage every move.

33.♠c3 &f5 34.&f3 ∰xb2 35.g4 &d3 36.♠e4 &xf1 37.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xf1 c3 38.g5 c2 39.gxh6 g6 40.\(\mathbb{Z}\)h4



#### 40...f5?

The last move before the time control was not the best. Actually I thought black was lost after this move, but luckily he has a saving move. 40...f6 stops white's threats and promotes the c-pawn next move. Then it's time to count the pieces on the board...

41.₩e7! &xe5 42.ᡚg5

42.fxe5 \(\mathbb{U}\)xe5 43.\(\Delta\)g5 looks dangerous, but the only move, 43...\(\mathbb{U}\)c7, defends and wins.



#### 45...\$f7!

Det finns en forcerad variant med 45... 空f6 46. ②xf8 c1營 47. 墨xc1 墨xc1+ 48. 堂g2 墨c4 som ger svart klar fördel, men partidraget är ännu bättre.

#### 46.\d5

46. ∅g5+ ₾e7 47. ℤc1 ℤc3 följt av ℤb8-b1. med vinst.

46...空e7 47.罩c1 罩f6 48.臭b7 罩c3 49.②d4 罩b6

White did never get time to coordinate his pieces. The double threat of \mathbb{Z}xb7 and \mathbb{Z}b1 decides the game.

50. 0xc2 \( \text{Zxb7} \) 51. \( \text{Ze1} + \text{Pr} \) 7 52. \( \text{Q} \) d4 \( \text{Ze7} \) 53. \( \text{Zf1} \) \( \text{Ze4} \) 54. \( \text{Qf3} \) \( \text{Zxa4} \) 55. \( \text{Zf2} \) \( \text{Pr} \) 65. \( \text{Q} \) 02 \( \text{Zb4} \) 57. \( \text{Pr} \) 2 a5 58. \( \text{Qf1} \) a4 59. \( \text{Ze2} \) a3 60. \( \text{Qe3} \) \( \text{Zxe3} \) 0-1

## Standings Kristiansund Grand Prix round 3, group A

FM	Joachim Thomassen	2307	2364	Moss	3
GM	Emanuel Berg	0	2612	Burgsvik Alva SK	21/2
GM	Tiger Hillarp Persson	0	2538	Lunds ASK	21/2
GM		0		Lunds ASK	21/2
	Tore Kolås	2123	2222	Trondheim	21/2
	Matti Svenn	0		SK Kamraterna	21/2
	Alexander R. Flaata	1992	2070	Black Knights	21/2
GM	Evgeny Romanov	0	2590		21/2
GM	Vladimir Georgiev	0	2586		2
	Lars Madebrink	0	2247	SK Kamraterna	2
	Gudmund Stenersen	2201	2213	SOSS	2
	Håkon Bentsen	2054	2151	Molde	2
	Roar E. Nakken	1881	2120	Aalesunds	2
	Anders Olsen	2007			2
	Thomas Thomassen	1952	2055	Stavanger	
	Kjell T Sandum	1922	2053	Kristiansund	2
	Nils-Åke Malmdin	0	2297	Sundsvalls SS	2
	Remi Picard	0	2081	Migne Echecs	2
	Rune Normann	1547		Trondheim	2
	Oddmund Sande	1839	2028	Randaberg	2
	Tor Wetle Hoem		1968		2
	Johan Salomon	1621	1770	Nordstrand	2
	Stein Jensen	1909	2063	Harstad	11/2
	Aryan Tari	1938	2060		11/2
	Kjell-Åke Andersson	1939	0	Karlstad AS	11/2
	Lars Oskar Hauge		1916		11/2
	Sebastian Mihajlov	1725	1878		11/2
	Eilif Odde	1975		Kristiansund	11/2
	Emil-Lion Nomat			Aalesunds	11/2
	Frode Høva	1549	1753	Follo	11/2
	Håvard Ramstad	1699	0	Aalesunds	11/2

GM	Alexandra Kosteniuk	0	2519		1
	Björn Särén	1972	0	Karlstad AS	1
	Ole Reza Drønen	1409	0	Aalesund	1
	Kurt Magnus Berg	1788	0	Harstad	1
	Brede Andre Larsen Hagen	1860	2064	TSSK	1
	Rich. Wicklund-Hansen	1789	1891	oss	1
	Armin Gholami	1640	1836	oss	1
	Anders Samuelsen Nordli	1558	1568	Trondheimstud	1
	Vegard Simensen	1544	0	Kristiansund	1
	Arne Morten Kästel	1467	0	Molde	1/2
	Egil A Standal Volda	1682	1863	Ørsta	1/2
	Havard Bjerkevik	1721	0	Volda Ørsta	1/2
	Per-Chr. Stenvaag	1592	0	Aalesund	1/2
	Helge Storeide	1573	0	Aalesunds	1/2
	Stig Sætre	1518	0	Aalesunds	1/2
	Fardin Toback	0	0	Kristiansund	1/2
	Johannes Haug	1442	1640	Nordstrand	1/2
	Ove H Harestad	1591	1775	Randaberg	0
	Gunnar Bolsø	1505	0	Aalesunds	0

## Standings Kristiansund Grand Prix round 3, group B

Olav Skjetnemark	1316	Namsos	3
Øystein Iversen	1308	Trondheim	3
Mats Peter Hengen	1151	Kristiansund	3
Tore Høe Løvaas	1430	Trondheim	2
Rune Øistein Aas	1331	Trondheimstud	2
Anders Stanghelle	1142	Nord-Odal	2
Arman K Ghaderi	1072	Trondheim	2
Øyvind Hoem Vaseng	1042	Kristiansund	2
Jon Oddvar Rambjør	0	Kristiansund	2
Robert Hansen	0		2
Stian Paulen	1004	Volda Ørsta	2
Jonar Lensebakken	1152	Nord-Odal	2
Martin Skog	982	Aalesunds	2
Jan Erik Skog	1388	Aalesunds	2
Henrik Øie Løbersli	0	Kristiansund	2
Cornelius Kvendseth	878	Nordstrand	11/2
Audun Hoem	1123	Kristiansund	11/2

Hans-Henry Jacobsen	1204	Tromsø	1
Per Magnus Larsen	877	Porsgrunn	1
Eli Marit Ødegaard	0	Kristiansund	1
Aleksey Gorskiy	0	Kristiansund	1
Bjørn Noralf Dybvik	1165	Aalesunds	1
Erling Nybø	829	Aalesunds	1
Paul Ivar Johansen	753	Trondheim	1
Øystein Halse	746	Kristiansund	1
Elise Sjøttem Jacobsen	659	Tromsø	1
Magnus D. Jensen	0	Kristiansund	1
Emil Andre Olsen	0	Kristiansund	1
Iver Halse	0	Kristiansund	1
lan Olners Kjenne	0		1/2
Vegard Kallset	0	Kristiansund	1/2



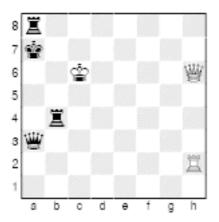
#### The most expected result of the tournament...

...was the draw between Håkon Bentsen and Kjell Tore Sandum. They always play each other, and they always draw. In round two they played 13 and 12 moves respectively. There game was removed from the podium, because we knew that it wouldn't last for long. The draw was agreed after 12 moves.

Every day one game will be chosen as the best game. Does your game deserves attention? Do not hesitate to tell us when you leave the score sheet!



#### White to move and win



The solution to yesterdays problem was 1. **a**4+! **a**xa4 1... **a**c4 2. **a**b3+ forces black back. 2. **b**3+ **a**b5 3. **c**4+ **a**c6 4. **d**5+ **a**d7 5. **e**6+ **a**xd8 6. **f**5 with a draw. The only who can lose this with white is the computer, because it captures a rook at d7.

### Tromsø 2014

...next month it will be decided where the Chess Olympiad 2014 is played.

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