## Bulletin

# Kristiansund Grand Prix & Arctic Securities Chess Stars





Nr 4	2010-08-30	Price: 5 NOK
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Final standi	ngs Kristiansund	GP 18

Editor: Axel Smith

## Arctic Securities Chess Stars

#### J.L. Hammer - V. Anand

1.d4 包f6 2.c4 e6 3.g3

Anand himself played the Catalan against Topalov in Sofia.

#### 3...d5 4.2if3 &e7

Topalov played 4...dxc4 in every game, as the active player he is.

#### 5.≜g2 0-0 6.0-0 dxc4 7.Дe5

The main move in the half open Catalan. is 7.\\(\mathbb{C} \) 2 a6 8.\(\mathbb{C} \) xc4 b5 9.\(\mathbb{C} \) c2 \(\delta \) b7

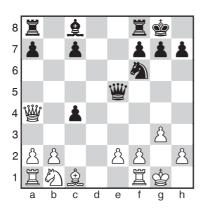
### 7...②c6 8.\(\delta\)xc6 bxc6 9.\(\Delta\)xc6 \(\mathbb{W}\)e8 10.\(\Delta\)xe7+\(\mathbb{W}\)xe7 11.\(\mathbb{W}\)a4

Black is a pawn down but has compensation with the light squared bishop. With the pawn on g2 instead of g3 this would be winning for white.

#### 11...e5

11...c5 was Anand's choice against Malakhov 2002.

#### 



#### 13.2c3

Hammer doesn't take the pawn The main move is 13.\mathbb{\mat

#### 13...②e4

Black could also have defended the pawn with 13...\$e6 14.\$f4 \$\mathbb{\text{\mathbb{m}}}\epsilon 5

#### 

Here Hammer thought for the first time in the game, but he didn't look at the board, which probably means that he tried to remember his preparation.

#### 15.bxc3 &e6 16.₩d3 \alpha ad8



#### 17. £f4!

An important intermediate move.

#### 17...\h5 18.\a6 \&c8!

Anand changes the a-pawn for the e-pawn, which is a good strategical decision, since white will not anymore be able to close the long diagonal with f2-f3.

## 19.豐xa7 豐xe2 20.罩fe1 豐f3 21.豐e3 豐c6 22.豐e4!

Black threatened \( \hat{2}b7 \), but Hammer is in time to chase the black queen away from the diagonal.

#### 22...\dotaa6 23.\dotaab1

Stopping \$b7.

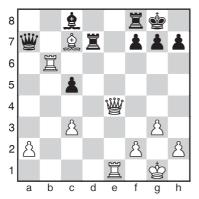
#### 23...c5

Simply to stop Hammer from capturing the pawn.

#### 24.\(\partial\)c7!

Hammer is not satisfied with the pawn, which actually isn't much in this position, but plays actively to distrup the coordination for the black pieces.

#### 24... \dagged d7 25.\dagged b6 \dagged a7



After 25... a2 26. d6 black can't move his rook due to back rank mate, but he has the intermediate move 26... f5, vacating f7 for the king. But f5 is a weakness, and c5 drops off, so white is clearly better here. The best option was probably 25... d3, exchanging the queens. White will be a pawn up in the endgame, and the opposite coloured bishops has both advantages and disadvantages.

#### 26. 2d6! Wxb6 27. 2xf8 h6

#### 28.營e5?!

Probably a mistake. 28. \$\mathbb{\text{\mathbb{m}}} e8\$ looks strong, but black has 28... \$\mathbb{\mathbb{m}} c6\$! White has no good discovered check and \$\mathbb{\mathbb{m}} b7\$ is suddenly on the agenda again.

#### 28...f6 29.\suxc5

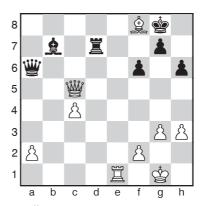
This gives white some problems to

release the bishop on f8. Anand is now two pawns down but he probably has more than full compensation. 29. 全xc5 營c6 30. 營e8+ 空h7 31. 營e4+ isn't working: 31... 營xe4 32. 至xe4 至d1+ 33. 全g2 全b7 and black is better.

#### 29...\alpha a6 30.h3 \delta b7

Black threatens to win with either <u>we6</u> or <u>we2</u>. Hammer defends against one of these threats.

#### 31.c4?



#### 31...**₩xa2**?

31... <u>We6</u> with double threat against h3 and e1. Black wins since 32. <u>Exe6</u> <u>Ed1+</u> 33. <u>6h2</u> <u>Eh1#</u> is mate.

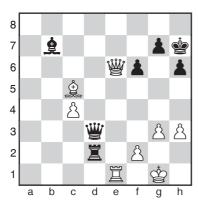
#### 32.\mathbb{\mathbb{W}}f5 \mathbb{\mathbb{W}}a4

32... <sup>™</sup>e2! followed by <sup>™</sup>d1 wins.

#### 33.₩e6+ Φh7 34.Φh2

Hammer should definitely have played 34.營f5+ after which black has three moves. a) 34...党g8 35.營e6+ repeates, b) 34...g6 35.營f4 wins for white c) 34...党h8 35.營g6 and white threatens to win with ②xg7+. Black can defend the e8-square with 35...②c6 but even here white can sacrifice: 36.③xg7+ 鼍xg7 37.營xh6+ 党g8 38.營xf6 and white would win in case of a queen exchange.

#### 34...豐c2 35.桌c5 罩d2 36.垫g1 豐d3



#### 37.g4?

Hammer tries to exchange queens with #f5 and get a draw, an understandable wish, but sadly this is a losing move. Better was 37. #e3 but black has a pleasant position here.

#### 37...\mathbb{Z}d1! 38.\mathbb{L}b4 \mathbb{Z}xe1+

38... \(\mathbb{\mathbb{m}}\) xh3 was even stronger. 39. \(\mathbb{m}\) f5+ g6 and the d7-square is defended.

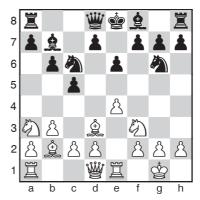
White is out of checks.

41.f3 wxf3 42.wxf3 &xf3 0-1 This is completely lost.

#### M. Carlsen - J. Polgar 1.e4 c5 2.∅f3 e6 3.b3

b3 systems in the sicilian are best when black has played e6, since he can't close the diagonal with e5 in one move.

#### 3...b6 4.âd3 âb7 5.0-0 ᡚe7



It's not good for white to try to get control with 8.e5 since black simply develops with \$e7, 0-0 and challenges the pawn with f7-f6. Black can actually also play the sursprising 8...d5 9.exd6 \$xd6 10.\$xg7 \$\mathbb{Z}g8 11.\$\mathbb{L}b2 \$\mathbb{L}f4\$ with advantage. White can improve with 11.\$\mathbb{L}xg6\$ but even there black has good compensation.

#### 8...ᡚd4!?

Using tactics to exchange a piece, but this gives white some development advantage.

#### 9.20c4

9. ②xd4 cxd4 and white can't take on d4 due to the knight on a3.

#### 9... ②xf3+ 10. ₩xf3 ₩c7

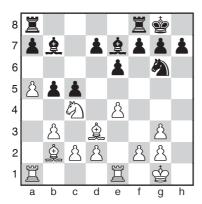
10...f5 is way to early. Black is still two moves from castling and white will open the position with devasting effect.; White has two ways of using the downside of playing 10...皇e7 immediately. One is 11.豐g3 11...0-0 12.包d6 with some control, and the second is the surprising 11.皇xg7 罩g8 12.皇b2 心h4 13.營h5 罩xg2+ 14.Һh1 when the black position looks very active, but he has problems developing without losing material.

#### 11.a4 **≜e7 12.**₩g3

Now 12.\(\delta\)xg7 is a bad move, since black

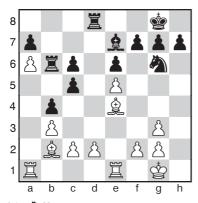
will be able to castle long. 12...≝xg3 13.hxg3 0-0 14.a5 Gaining some space.

14...b5



#### 15.a6!

20...b4 21. gb2



#### 21...包f8

It was strong to capture on d2: 21...\(\max\)d2! 22.\(\max\)d3 c4 23.\(\max\)c4 (23.\(\max\)c4 \(\max\)c2 and white has to exchange the rook with 24.\(\max\)c2 23...\(\max\)c5 24.\(\max\)f1 \(\max\)b8 25.\(\max\)c1 \(\max\)d3 26.cxd3 \(\max\)c5 with compensation.

22.\end1 幻d7 23.d4

Carlsen has no knights, so he has to open up the position to be able to attack the black weaknesses.

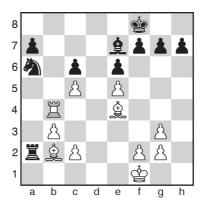
#### 23... 查f8 24. 查f1 公b8 25.dxc5!

Carlsen uses some tactics to open the position.

### 25...\Bxd1+ 26.\Bxd1 \Bxa6 27.\Bd4 \Ba2 28.\Bxb4!

Only this intermediate move justifies white:s 25th move.

28...**包**a6



#### 29.\a4

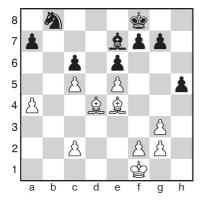
29.\(\mathbb{E}\)b7 doesn't win a pawn: 29...\(\mathbb{E}\)xb2 30.\(\mathbb{E}\)xa7 \(\Delta\)xc5 31.\(\mathbb{E}\)a8+ \(\delta\)d8 32.\(\mathbb{E}\)xd8+ \(\delta\)c4 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc4 34.\(\mathbb{E}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc5

#### 29... \(\mathbb{Z}\) xa4 30.bxa4 \(\Delta\) b8 31.\(\delta\) d4

Carlsen is a pawn up. The pawn doubled and can't advance, but it can be useful covering squares and defending one of the bishops. Carlsen has to use his space advantage and the bishop pair if he wants to make progress.

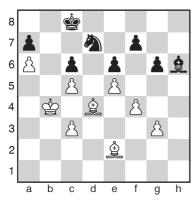
#### 31...h5!

Now white has to exchange one pawn if he wants to get in f4–f5. It's often good for the defender to setup the pawns so they defend each other, leaving only one weakness to protect.



#### 32.**⊈**e2

Now for many, many moves it's not happening much in the game. 32... 垫e8 33. 垫d3 垫d7 34. 垫c4 g6 35.f4



#### 55.f5?

Carlsen is too optimistic about his chanses. The closed nature of the position favours black.

55...gxf5 56.Ձh5 🛭 b8

56...f6 57.exf6 e5 is also okay.

57. 堂a5 臭g5 58. 臭xf7 臭d8+ 59. 堂a4 堂d7 60. 臭h5 ②xa6

Polgar has won her pawn back and has a better position with the passed pawn on the a—file.

61.堂b3 包c7 62.皇f3 包d5 63.堂c4 皇g5 64.堂b3 皇d2 65.堂c2

65.g4 should probably be played here.

65...\$e1 66.c4

66.g4 is no longer possible due to 66... fxg4 67.彙xg4 彙xc3! 68.彙xc3 氫e3+69.彙d3 氫xg4 even if it's possible that black can't win here.

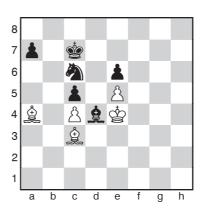
66...�b4+ 67.�b3 �a6 68.g4 fxg4 69.�xg4 �b4 70.�f3 �xc5 71.�c3

Now things have changed, and the bishop pair is one of white's saving chances.

71... ge7 72. gd4 gc5

72...\(\Delta\)c5+? 73.\(\Delta\)xc5 and the opposite coloured bishops secure a draw.

The game does again enter a manouvering phase where Polgar slowly improves her pieces.



#### 84.\d2!

84. ½xc6 ½xc6! 85. ½xd4 cxd4 86. ½xd4 a5 and black changes the a-pawn for the two white pawns and wins.

#### 84...a6

84...②xe5 85.彙f4 堂d6 is a draw, since black is never able to move any of his pieces!

Black's plan is ∅d7-b6 and a5-a4.

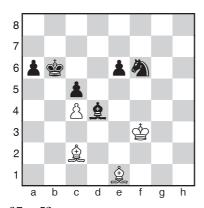
89. \$f2 \$b4 90. \$f4

90.彙d1 stops black's plan, since 90...包d7 91.彙g4 hinders the knight from reaching b6.

90... 2d7 White's position is probably lost.

Carlsen realizes that his king march didn't gain anything and starts to defend again, two pawns down. 93.\(\hat{\pm}xd7\) \(\hat{\pm}xd7\) 94.\(\hat{\pm}xc5\) \(\hat{\pm}xe5\) loses quite easily.

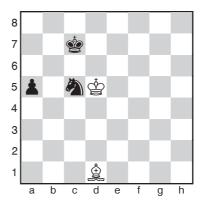
93...ዿxe5 94.Фg4 Øf6+ 95.Фf3 ዿd4 96.ዿe1 Φb6 97.ዿc2



#### 97...e5?

Too hasty, and allows white to penetrate with the king.

98. 彙h4 公e8 99. 堂e4 堂e7 100. 堂d5 Now black has difficulties to make progress. 100... ②d6 101. ②e7 ②c8 102. ②xc5 Only move, but good enough. 102... ②xc5 103. ②xc5 ②b6 104. ②d1 ②d7+ 105. ②d5 a5 106.c5 e4 107. ③xe4 ②xc5+ 108. ③d5 ½-½



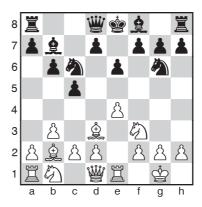
#### V. Anand - J. Polgar 1.e4 c5 2.\( \Delta f3 \) e6 3.b3

Anand continues with the strategy of copying Carlsen's strategy against Polgar, but deviated on move 8.

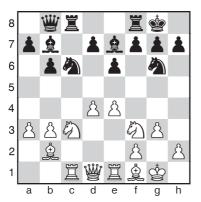
#### 3...b6

Last time Polgar immediately deviated from her previous game, but this time she has faith in her variation.

4.ዿd3 ዿb7 5.0-0 වe7 6.ደe1 වg6 7.ዿb2 වc6



8. 全f1 曾c7 9.c3 罩c8 10.d4 exd4 11.exd4 White has a better position with the centre. 11... 全b4 12. 全c3 0-0 13. 罩c1 曾f4 14.a3 全e7 15.g3 曾b8



#### 16.h4!

Anand uses his centre control to attack on the flank. Now black's best is probably 16...h5, even though it's is no funny move to play.

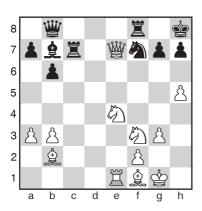
#### 16...f5 17.h5 fxe4?

Just giving white a tempo for free.

## 18. ②xe4 ②h8 19.d5 exd5 20. ∰xd5+ ②f7 21. ∰xd7

Actually black has more problems than it seems at first sight. White threatens \(\mathbb{Y} g4\), when black can't defend g7.

21... Фh8 22. \(\beta\) xc6 \(\beta\) xc6 23.\(\beta\) xe7 \(\beta\) c7



#### 24.₩h4

Anand missed 24.h6 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xe7 25.\(\mathbb{L}\)xg7+ \(\dagger \)g8 26.\(\dagger \)f6# In the game white also has an easily winning position.

24... 當c2 25. 當e2 當xe2 26. 彙xe2 營c7 27. 彙c4 包h6 28. 包fd2 b5 29. 彙xb5 營c2 30. 營e7 置g8 31. 營xb7 營xb2 32. 營xa7 包f5 33. 營c5 包d4 34. 彙c4 置d8 35.h6 營a1+1-0

Polgar lost on time.

#### J.L. Hammer - M. Carlsen

At the press conference before the tournament Carlsen got the question wheter it's possible for him to lose against Hammer. He answered that he now celebrates 10 yeras without losing against Hammer.

1.d4 5)f6 2.c4 c5 3.5)f3

3.d5 is the main move.

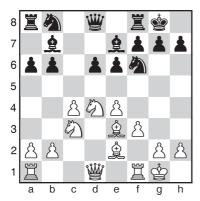
#### 3...cxd4 4.\(\overline{Q}\)xd4 b6

Carlsen choses to play the hedgehog, where black places most of his pawns at the sixth rank. Ulf Andersson and others started to play this system decades ago, and it has been considered as a good system since.

## 5. 2c3 &b7 6.f3 e6 7.e4 d6 8. 2e2 a6 9.0-0 &e7 10. 2e3 0-0

Both players have developed their pieces to the best squares. Black usually contintues with \( \Delta bd7, \) \( \Beta c7, \) \( \Beta c8, \) \( \Beta c8 \) and \( \Beta b8. \) Then he transfers the bishop on e7 to either g7 or c7. In the long run black wants to break with b6-b5 or d6-d5, but he has a very solid position and can also just wait. Hammers plan is to gain more space on the queenside. Ideally b4, \( \Delta b3 \) and a4-a5 is played, but normally white has to take it very easy not to allow b6-b5 or d6-d5. Moves like \( \Delta h1, \Delta g1 \) and \( \Delta f1 \) is also on the agenda, just to get the bishops out of the possible

rook files. The game Anand–Ilescas Cordoba 1992, which was commented in Informator # 54, is a good illustration of white's play.



#### 

Carlsen brings the king's rook to c8, which probably means that he tries for b6–b5 more than d6–d5.

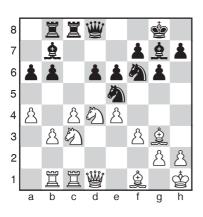
#### 13.ዿf2 Øbd7 14.a4 \ab ab 8 15.\dd1

15.a5 bxa5 16. △b3 is one of the white plans, but here black can break with 16... d5!

#### 

16.a5 bxa5 17.\Db3 is better now, since 17...d5 loses a pawn.

16...≜f8 17.≜f1 g6 18.\ab1 \@e5 19.b3 \&g7 20.\&g3

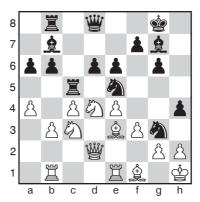


#### 20...h5

Black often advances with the h–pawn in the hedgehog. Johan Hellsten has written a book about the Kan (1.e4 c5 2. \$\delta\$) f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4. \$\delta\$xd4 a6) where hedgehog—positions can arise. He recommends black to advance with the h–pawn in almost every situation. If it get lost, black should get enough counterplay with a pawn break in the centre.

#### 21. ₩d2 h4! 22. £f4

22. \(\hat{\omega}\)xh4 \(\hat{\omega}\)xe4! was Carlsens idea. Now white is worse in every line: 23. \(\hat{\omega}\)xe4 \(\hat{\omega}\)xh4 24. \(\hat{\omega}\)xd6 \(\hat{\omega}\)d8 and white loses one of the knights, 23. \(\hat{\omega}\)xd8 \(\hat{\omega}\)xd2 loses material. 23. \(\hat{\omega}\)e1 is white's best move, but here black has just managed to open the long diagonal for the bishop on b7. Both 23... \(\hat{\omega}\)f6 and 23... \(\hat{\omega}\)f6 are possible. 22...\(\hat{\omega}\)c5!? 23.\(\hat{\omega}\)e1 \(\hat{\omega}\)h5 24.\(\hat{\omega}\)e3 \(\hat{\omega}\)g3+



#### 25.**⊈**g1

Hammer trusts the calculation of the world's number one, but this is a concession. The norweigan grandmaster Jonathan Tisdall has written a chapter in his book ⇔Improve Your Chess Now' about the important role of white's light squared bishop. I guess that both Hammer and Carlsen has read this chapter. 25.hxg3 is of course critical. 25...hxg3 26.堂g1 營h4 27.彙d3 ②xd3 28.營xd3 置h5 shows a point with 22...置c5. After 29.堂f1 營h1+ 30.彙g1 圖h2 31.置e2 black also want the other rook to join, 置b8-c8-c5 prepares 營xg1+!!, 堂xg1 置ch5 with mate. Now 31...置c8 can be met with 32.b4!, stopping the rook manouver. Therefore 27...置bc8!? might be an interesting move, threatening 28...②xd3 followed by 29...宣h5. Or maybe even 26...宣h5!?

#### 25...公xf1 26.\xf1 h3!

The h-pawn has reached h3, which weakens the position of Hammer's king. 27. \( \Delta \text{de2 hxg2 28.} \Delta \text{xg2 \bega c6} \)

Black is just better here, preparing f7–f5 or d7–d5 later.

#### 29.\Bbd1 \&a8 30.\&g5 \\forall f8

The queen is well placed preparing f5. **31.h4!** 

Hammer doesn't wait for his opponent's regrouping, but plays active.

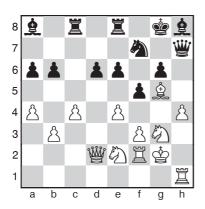
31... 置e8 32. 包g3

h4-h5 is next move.

#### 32...f6 33.彙e3 營f7 34.彙h6 彙h8 35.彙e3 f5 36.彙g5 營h7 37.罩f2 勾f7

Black now defends d6 and frees the rook on c6. \( \mathbb{Z} \)c6-c8 will open the diagonal for the bishop on a8.

38.閏h1 閏cc8 39.句ce2



#### 39...<u>\$</u>e5

When Hammer retreated with the knight from c3 it seems to be a good moment to play 39...d5!

#### 40.\(\documents\)f4 fxe4 41.\(\documents\)xe4 \(\documents\)xe4

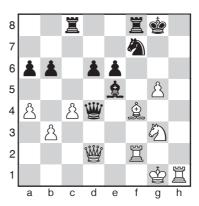
In this moment Carlsen didn't have much time left. &xe4 gives up his best piece without gaining enough compensation. Probably Carlsen misevaluated the upcoming position. 41...d5 is the best move. 42.cxd5 exd5 43. Dg5 Wg7 and black will play d5-d4 with pressure along the diagonal.

#### 42.fxe4 g5 43.hxg5 ∰xe4+ 44.фg1

The white king is actually quite safe, while the rooks prepares to attack the black king.

#### 44... \\ f8 45. \\ dg3 \\ d4?

It was forced to reatret with 45... \mathbb{\mathbb{H}}g6.



#### 46.\\c2!

Suddenly black has no defence against \textstyle h7+.

#### 46...**₺**xg5

Carlsen had to sacrifice a piece to get the f7-square for the king. 46...罩fe8 is met by 47.增h7+ 查f8 48.彙xe5 豐xe5 49.罩xf7#

#### 47.₩g6+ <u>\$g</u>7 48.₩xg5 **Ξf**7

Hammer had blown many promising position in this tournament. This time

he had a lot of time left. After several minutes of thought he continued to play active.

**49.**營**g6** 罩**cc7 50.**堂**g2** Defending against 罩xf4.

Losing instantly but it was lost anyway. 51. **增h7+ 全f7 52. 三 xf4+ 增xf4 53. 三 f1 增xf1+ 54. 全xf1 三c5 55. ②e4 1-0** 

## J. Polgar - J.L. Hammer 1.e4 e5 2.2f3 2c6 3.2b5 2f6

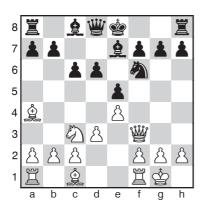
Hammer: We developed our pieces. 4.₺c3

Polgar: Black wanted to go to the berliner again. I chose this time the four knights. I thought it's a good idea in the last game to try to make it a little bit more complicated. Usually I try to steer the games In directions I feel comfortable and in direction where my opponent doesn't feel comfortable.

#### 4... 2d4 5. 2a4 2xf3+

Hammer: I mean, black aims to get the pieces out, and at the same time white has not so much control over the d4–square.

6.\dongarda xf3 c6 7.0-0 d6 8.d3 \dongarda e7



#### 9.**ᡚd**5

Hammer: This is the only way that white

can try to get some advantage.

#### 9...h6

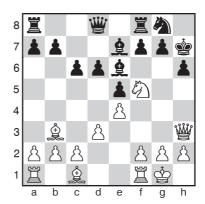
Polgar: I 9...②xd5 10.exd5 b5 11.dxc6 bxa4 12.c7 wins an exchange. I thought probably after 9...0-0 I will take on e7. 10.②xe7+ 營xe7 and play 11.彙g5 Then I take on f6 and play f4. There I have a nice position, but an advantage is too much to say

#### 10.**②e**3

Hammer: I think 10.∅xe7 is better than what she played, but I guess its another taste.

#### 10...0-0 11.\$b3 \$e6 12.\$f5

Hammer: When you play Judit Polgar you don't like to have your opponents knight so close to your king. I thought I was worse, but I thought I could manage. 12... 空h7 13.營h8 包g8



#### 14.臭d2

Polgar: Here maybe 14.\mathbb{\mathbb{H}}e1 was better, to make something against d5.

#### 14...d5

Hammer: After d5 I think that I am fine. 15. ₩ f3 a5 16.exd5

Polgar: I think that exd5 is a bad move. I thought I will get some fast attack against e5 but that was not the case. Actually here I should maybe go c3 or a4. I don't know if white is better, but definitely these are better moves.

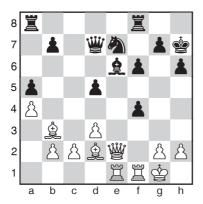
#### 16...cxd5 17.a4 \deltad d7 18.\delta xe7 \delta xe7

Hammer: I like my centere Polgar: And black is very active.

#### 19.\end{array}e2 f6

Hammer: I thought about going ②c6 and g5. I was thinking what pawnstructure I want. In this position white wants to play f4, so you think, what can I do to stop this. Black is for sure better. Polgar: Yes, probably ②c6 anyway, then maybe f5.

#### 20.f4 exf4 21.\a=1



#### 21....\a6

Hammer: This move is sort of lucky. To be honest I wasn't sure about the position, there are bigger authoritys than me here :-)

### 22.\(\delta\)xf4 \(\Delta\)g6 23.\(\delta\)g3 \(\delta\)f7 24.d4 \(\mathrea\)aa8 25.c3 \(\mathrea\)f68 26.\(\mathrea\)f3

Polgar: Actually I was very happy and very optimistic, white is clearly better here. Maybe I should go 26. \*\*b5 immediately. Here I just started to misplay.

#### 26... 查g8 27. 单c2 包f8 28. 单b3 豐c6

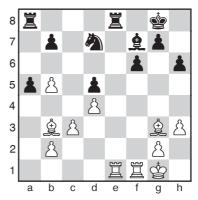
Hammer: I think I could have played a bit more aggressive. b5, or also ♠h7, try to play ♠g5. At this point I just felt I lost control over the position. I had a good game and now I am just worse. We were approching time trouble, so I thought I

should just make some quick moves.

#### 29.h3 \ad8 30.\dd3 \ad8 31.\dd5

Polgar: Maybe I should have played 31.\(\max\)exe8 \(\max\)exe8 \(\max

#### 31... 營xb5 32.axb5 勾d7



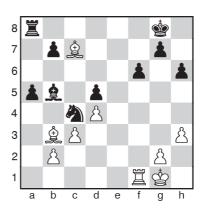
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Polgar: Here obviously I have to go 33.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c7 It might threaten b6, so black has to play 33...\(\text{b6}\) Hammer: If I have to play b6 it's no good.

#### 33...�b6

Polgar: Now I should just look for a draw I think.

#### 34.\(\delta\)c7 \(\Delta\)c4 35.\(\Beta\)xe8+\(\delta\)xe8 36.\(\delta\)b3 \(\delta\)xb5



#### 37.罩f5

Hammer: This is a critical position, so

I felt I should use the time I had left. I didn't really succed to find anything. I was trying to play 37… るe3. Also I looked at 37…a4

#### 

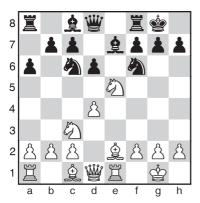
Hammer: We can make the moves instantly, so playing the position will only take two more minutes. My only winning chance is some earthquake hitting. The earthquake may push the bishop to a dark square.

41. ው f2 ው e6 42.h4 ው f5 43.g3 ው e4 44. ይ b4 h5 45. ይ f8 g5 46.hxg5 fxg5 47. ይ e7 ው f5 48. ይ d8 ው g4 49. ይ e7 ይ d5 50. ይ d8 h4 51.gxh4 gxh4 52. ይ e7 ው f5 53. ው e3 ው g4 54. ው f2 ው f5 55. ው e3 ው g4 ½-½

#### M. Carlsen - V. Anand

Anand: The game was not so interesting, but okay, it had its moments.

1.e4 e5 2.ଦିf3 ଦିc6 3.ଛb5 ଦିf6 4.0-0 ଦିxe4 5.ଞe1 ଦିf6 6.ଦିxe5 ଛe7 7.d4 0-0 8.ଦିc3 a6 9.ଛe2 d6

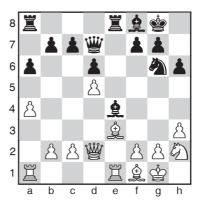


#### 10.包f3

Anand: Taking on c6, 10. axc6 shouldn't be much, but white can try for something there.

Anand: Well, there are some dangerous things even here. Black should avoid to become more passive.

11...≜f8 12.∰d2 h6 13.h3 ≜f5 14.d5 ②e7 15.a4 ∰d7 16.≜f1 ②g6 17.≜e3 ②e4 18.②xe4 ≜xe4 19.②h2



#### 19...**包h4**

Anand: What white is aiming for is the clamp a5-b4-c4. All endings are won, all pawn endings. But I think white is not really in time, as long as I have major pieces. I try to swap rooks. When he went 19.\(\Delta\)h2, I thought that \(\Delta\)h4 is important. Maybe 19...\(\Delta\)e7 is just better. Carlsen: Actually I thought I might take on h6 after \(\Delta\)e7.

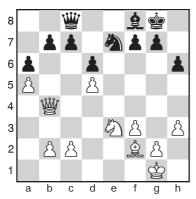
#### 20.f3 &h7 21.&f2

Anand: After 21.c4 I go 21... 15 5 22. 2f2 

Exe1 and he can not take with the rook. No big deal, but a small detail.

#### 21...മg6

Anand: I think it is important not to drift. It is easy to make 10 moves thinking that nothing happens. Instead black should play 2e7 and c6 quickly before anything happens.



Carlsen: The white king is not weak. For anything to happen, black would at least need to get the bishop to e7–g5, and even if he succeeds, it doesnt seem to be anything happening on the dark squares.

#### 29...c6 30.dxc6

Anand: Maybe 30.c4. Carlsen: I thought d5 would be weak. Maybe h5 and g6. Anand: It could be.

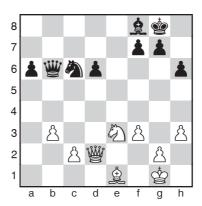
#### 30... 2xc6 31. 2dd2

Anand: The pawn on d6 is not really weak, only visually.

#### 31...\d8 32.\elle1

Anand: I think the issue is not that the d6-pawn is not weak, but that black is still somewhat passive. There are something with the clamp still. If white plays b4 and c5, then it's serious. 32.\(\frac{1}{2}\)et l is nice, because he wants to play \(\frac{1}{2}\)d5. I have to play b6. Blacks idea is the same as in Sveshnikov. He has two weak pawns, and he tries to swap one of them. 32.\(\frac{1}{2}\)c4 is interesting., but not 32.b4 d5 and black exchanges the pawns. Carlsen: There I really need to work not to be worse.

#### 



#### 34...a5

Anand: If white wins the pawn on a5, but gets a lot of pieces there, then the king might get weak. At least perpetual. If the pawn were on f2, I wouldn't have played like this. Maybe 34...d5 here.

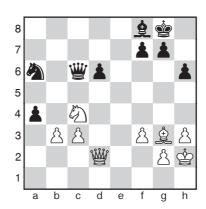
#### 35. £f2 ₩a6

Anand: I was not very happy, black has to play some defensive moves. I want to exchange one of the pawns. more likely the a—pawn.

#### 36.ዿg3 �b4 37.⊈h2 ∰c6 38.c3

Anand: Maybe 38.h4, just waiting.; Carlsen: I think I would have played 38.c4 here. But I don't see what my next move is.

#### 38...5) a6 39.5) c4 a4



#### 40.\a2

Anand: The critical question is on move 40, if white has something. 40. 2a5 2b5 41.c4 2b6 (41...2c5 doesn't equalize.) 42.bxa4 2c5 43. 2f2 2e7 Carlsen: I dont know was my next move is there. Anand: If he takes 2xc5, dxc5, whites king is in danger of a perpetual.

40...axb3 ½-½

#### Schedule for the last day

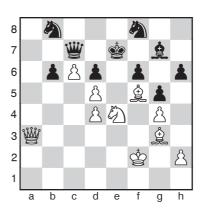
Viswanathan Anand (5) and Magnus Carlsen (3½) qualified for the final. Jon Ludvig Hammer (2) and Judit Polgar play each other in the bronze final.

There will be played two games. **14.00** Carlsen—Anand & Polgar—Hammer **15.40** Anand—Carlsen & Hammer—Polgar

Welcome to Caroline Kino!



#### Alex. Flaata - K-Å Andersson





	1	2	3	4	5	6
GM Judit Polgar	0 1	0 2	3 1/2	4 1/2	<sup>2</sup> 0	1/2 3
GM Viswanathan Anand	1 3	1	1/2 4	<sup>3</sup> 1	1	1/2
GM Jon Ludvig Hammer	0	⁴ 0	1/2	0 2	1	1/2
GM Magnus Carlsen	1	1 3	2 1/2	1/2	³ O	1/2 2







#### Tiger Hillarp - K T Sandum 1.₺f3 d5 2.g3

Not as innocent as it looks.

#### 2...\$\dag{2} 66 3.\dag{2} e6

There are a lot of other options, but black choses to enter the closed catalan.

#### 4.0-0 &e7 5.c4 0-0

5...d4?! is what white plays in similar positions with reversed coloures, but here it is really too optimistic, since black also have to play e6–e5 in two moves.

#### 6.d4 b6

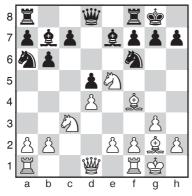
6...c6 is the main move.

#### 7.cxd5!

The best move.

#### 7...exd5 8.\(\Delta\)c3

This position can also arise from the queens indian, but there white has played a3, b3 or  $\Xi$ e1. Now he can play more useful moves than one of these. 8...2b7 9.44 64 64 64 64 64 65



## **10...c6?!** The point with 6...b6 was to manage

without the move c7–c6. The most logical follow up was definitely 10...c5 Black will get hanging pawns on c5 and d5, which white will try to attack.

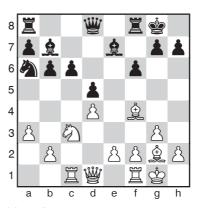
#### 11.買c1 勾d7

11...②c7 12.②xc6! was a nice shot both players noticed during the game. 12...②xc6 13.②xc7 營xc7 14.②xd5 and white will be two pawns up.

#### 12.a3

There are some ideas with this move, for example to stop ∅b4 and to prepare b2–b4. Hillarp should probably have played more active.

#### 12... 2 xe5 13. 2 xe5 f6 14. 2 f4



#### 14...g5!

Sandum usually plays unecessary passive, but here he does the opposite. 14...\$d6 was the alternative.

#### 15.\d2 f5

Black's last three pawn moves has forced  $2d^2$  back and stopped  $e^2$ – $e^4$ .

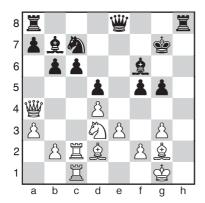
#### 16.**፟**a2 **໘**g7 17.a4

White starts to attack against the half open file.

17... 營e8 18. 置c2 h5 19. 包c1 Heading for e5.

because the knight on a6 will be in great trouble.

#### 22...hxg3 23.hxg3 2c7



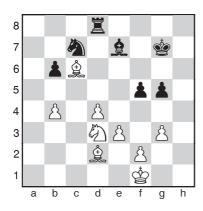
#### 24.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc6!?

Hillarp is famous for his exchange sacrifises. 24. 4b4 was the most logical move in the position. Hillarps move might be okay, but it's hard to understand why he plays it.

#### 

Since this forces the knight to the corner next move, black should probably think twice before playing it.

29.2\d3 \adda a8 30.\daga xd5 \text{ \textit{ \text{\tin}}\text{\tin}\text{\ti}}\text{\te}\tint{\text{



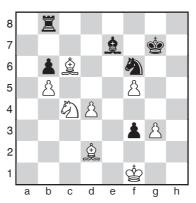
#### 34.b5

White has a good position. The rook needs open files, and there are two – the a–file and the h–file. The bishop on c6 defends the important squares on both files – a8 and h1.

## 34... 2d5 35. 2e5 2f6 36. 2c4 \ 2b8 37.f3 g4!

White can still improve his position a lot, and Sandum tries to create play before white has full control.

#### 38.e4 gxf3 39.exf5



#### 39...Resigns?? 1-0

Sandum felt that he started to lose control, but there were only two moves to the time control. After 39... \(\mathbb{Z}\)d8 white is only slightly better, at best.

#### Nils Grandelius - T. Hillarp 1.e4 d6 2.d4 & f6 3.& c3 g6 4.f4 & g7 5.& f3 c5

If black avoids the check with 5...0-0 white has 6.\(\frac{1}{2}\)d3 c5 7.dxc5

#### 6.\$b5+ \$d7 7.\$xd7+ \$\Delta\bxd7

7... ②fxd7 is the main move.

#### 8.e5?!

8.d5 is correct.

#### 8...\$\h5! 9.e6

9.g4 ②xf4 10.\(\dot\)xf4 cxd4 11.\(\delta\)e4 dxe5

leavs black with excellent compensation.

## 9...fxe6 10.\(\Delta\)g5 \(\Delta\)xd4 11.\(\Delta\)xe6 \(\Delta\)xc3+ 12.bxc3

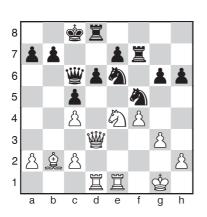
Grandelius has the dark squared bishop and a knight on e6 as compensation, but it's not enough.

#### 12...≝c8 13.0-0 ፟∆f8 14.∆g5 h6 15.∆e4 ₩c6 16.≌e1

Grandelius plan was to play fast and hope for time trouble.

#### 16...0-0-0 17.c4 罩h7!

Defending the pawn on e7 the best way. 18.g3 ፟\( \text{2g7 19.\mathbb{\mathbb{2}}} \) \( \text{2f5 20.\mathbb{\mathbb{2}}} \) d3 <sup>\text{\mathbb{2}}</sup> e6 21.\( \text{\mathbb{2}} \) ad1 \( \text{\mathbb{2}} \) f7

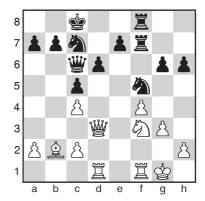


#### 22.包d2

22. 🖾 xd6+!! is a fantastic combination which wins back the pawn. 22... \( \mathbb{Z} xd6 \) 23. \( \mathbb{Z} xe6! \)

#### 22...包c7 23.包f3 罩df8

Better was 23...\modelsg8 to prepare g5. **24.\modelsf1** 



## 24...g5? 25.fxg5 ∅xg3 26.hxg3 ≅xf3 27.gxh6!

The move Tiger had missed.

#### 27... **₫**d7

27... $\mathbb{Z}$ xd3 28. $\mathbb{Z}$ xf8+  $\dot{\mathbb{Z}}$ d7 29.cxd3 and the h–pawn promotes.

28.\%xf3 \%xf3 29.\%g6 1-0

## Final standings Kristiansund Grand Prix group A

1	GM	Emanuel Berg	0	2612	Burgsvik Alva SK	5
2	GM	Vladimir Georgiev	0	2586		5
3	GM	Evgeny Romanov	0	2590		5
4	GM	Nils Grandelius	0	2505	Lunds ASK	41/2
5	GM	Tiger Hillarp Persson	0	2538	Lunds ASK	41/2
6		Matti Svenn	0	2214	SK Kamraterna	41/2
7		Nils-Åke Malmdin	0	2297	Sundsvalls SS	41/2
8	FΜ	Joachim Thomassen	2307	2364	Moss	4
9		Lars Madebrink	0	2247	SK Kamraterna	4
10		Johan Salomon	1621	1770	Nordstrand	4

11	Aryan Tari	1938	2060	Asker	4
12	Gudmund Stenersen	2201	2213	SOSS	4
13 3	M Alexandra Kosteniuk	0	2519		4
14	Thomas Thomassen	1952	2055	Stavanger	4
15	Tore Kolås	2123	2222	Trondheim	31/2
16	Tor Wetle Hoem	1831	1968	Kristiansund	31/2
17	Anders Olsen	2007	2076	Kristiansund	31/2
18	Alexander R. Flaata	1992	2070	Black Knights	31/2
19	Remi Picard	0	2081	Migne Echecs	31/2
20	Stein Jensen	1909	2063	Harstad	3
21	Brede Andre Larsen Hagen	1860	2064	TSSK	3
22	Björn Särén	1972	0	Karlstad AS	3
23	Håkon Bentsen	2054	2151	Molde	3
24	Sebastian Mihajlov	1725	1878	oss	3
25	Roar E. Nakken	1881	2120	Aalesunds	3
26	Rune Normann	1547	0	Trondheim	3
27	Kjell T Sandum	1922	2053	Kristiansund	3
28	Armin Gholami	1640	1836	oss	3
29	Eilif Odde	1975	0	Kristiansund	3
30	Lars Oskar Hauge	1797	1916	oss	3
31	Johannes Haug	1442	1640	Nordstrand	3
32	Kurt Magnus Berg	1788	0	Harstad	21/2
33	Håvard Ramstad	1699	0	Aalesunds	21/2
34	Emil-Lion Nomat	1580	1826	Aalesunds	21/2
35	Ove H Harestad	1591	1775	Randaberg	21/2
36	Helge Storeide	1573	0	Aalesunds	21/2
37	Oddmund Sande	1839	2028	Randaberg	2
38	Frode Høva	1549	1753	Follo	2
39	Stig Sætre	1518	0	Aalesunds	2
40	Vegard Simensen	1544	0	Kristiansund	2
41	Havard Bjerkevik	1721	0	Volda Ørsta	2
42	Egil A Standal Volda	1682	1863	Ørsta	2
42	Arne Morten Kästel	1467		Molde	2
44	Rich. Wicklund-Hansen	1789	1891	oss	11/2
45	Anders Samuelsen Nordli		1568		11/2
46	Kjell-Åke Andersson	1939		Karlstad AS	11/2
47	Per-Chr. Stenvaag	1592		Aalesund	11/2
48	Fardin Toback	0	0	Kristiansund	11/2
49	Ole Reza Drønen	1409	0	Aalesund	1
50	Gunnar Bolsø	1505		Aalesunds	1/2
			-		

## Final standings Kristiansund Grand Prix group B

1	Øyvind Hoem Vaseng	1042	Kristiansund	5
2	Olav Skjetnemark	1316	Namsos	5
3	Mats Peter Henøen	1151	Kristiansund	5
4	Henrik Øie Løbersli	0	Kristiansund	41/2
5	Øystein Iversen	1308	Trondheim	4
6	Rune Øistein Aas	1331	Trondheimstud	4
7	Tore Høe Løvaas	1430	Trondheim	4
8	Anders Stanghelle	1142	Nord-Odal	4
9	Jan Erik Skog	1388	Aalesunds	4
10	Cornelius Kvendseth	878	Nordstrand	31/2
11	Audun Hoem	1123	Kristiansund	31/2
	Bjørn Noralf Dybvik		Aalesunds	31/2
	Jonar Lensebakken	1152	Nord-Odal	3
	Jon Oddvar Rambjør	0	Kristiansund	3
	Martin Skog	982	Aalesunds	
	Arman K Ghaderi	1072	Trondheim	3
	Per Magnus Larsen	877	Porsgrunn	3 3 3
	Robert Hansen	0		3
	Iver Halse	0	Kristiansund	
	Øystein Halse	746	Kristiansund	3
21	Elise Sjøttem Jacobsen	659	Tromsø	21/2
	Aleksey Gorskiy	0	Kristiansund	21/2
	Hans-Henry Jacobsen	1204	Tromsø	2
	Eli Marit Ødegaard	0	Kristiansund	2
25	Emil Andre Olsen	0	Kristiansund	2 2 2 2 2 2
26	Stian Paulen	1004	Volda Ørsta	2
	Magnus D. Jensen	0	Kristiansund	2
28	Erling Nybø	829	Aalesunds	2
29	Vegard Kallset	0	Kristiansund	
30	Paul Ivar Johansen	753	Trondheim	11/2
31	Jan Olners Kjenne	0		11/2