Bulletin

Arctic Securities Chess Stars





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Editor: Axel Smith

Arctic Securities Chess Stars

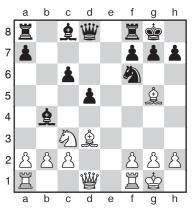
J. Polgar - J.L. Hammer 1.e4 e5 2.\(\Delta f3 \) \(\Delta c6 3.d4 \)

Polgar was afraid of playing 3.\2b5 \2\f6 a fourth time, since she only made a draw out of three games.

3...exd4 4.\(\Delta\)xd4 \(\Delta\)f6 5.\(\Delta\)c3

5. 2xc6 bxc6 6.e5 is the main line.

5...**\$**b4 6.**2**xc6 bxc6 7.**\$**d3 d5 8.exd5 exd5 9.0-0 0-0 10.**\$**g5 c6



In the second bulletin there was a game Nordli-Hagen where this position was reached. The opening phase is annotated there, so I leave in without comments this time.

11.2a4

A speciality of Nakamura. White's idea is to play c4xd5 and make pressure against the d-pawn.

11...h6 12.\(\mathbb{L}\)h4 \(\mathbb{L}\)e6

In this line play doesn't want to play \(\) \(\) e6 if it can be hit by \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) c3-e2-f4. Here \(\) \(\) e6

is a logical move since white has moved in the other direction with the knight \(\frac{1}{2} \)e6.

13.c3

13.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c1 to prepare c4 once again, is one option.

13...**≜**e7

13...≜d6 is also possible. 14.∰f3 follwed by ≜xf6 is nothing black fears.

14.¤e1 &d7?!

Hammer should have played 14... \model e8 first, to be able to take back with the rook.

15.\$xe7 \text{\ti}\xititx{\text{\ti}\xitit}}\\ \text{\\xi}\x{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tet



16.f4!

Hammer: In the first game I somehow sort of blunderd when I allowed 16.f4, but my position was still playable. Polgar: In game one I played this schotch and I think I had a very nice position. With 16.f4 forcing 16... f5, I felt I can gain an advantage.

16...f5

White has a better bishop and control over the dark squares — a slight advantage. Red: 16... \$\mathbb{U}\$f6 17.f5 \$\mathbb{L}\$xf5 18. \$\mathbb{U}\$f1 g6 19. \$\mathbb{L}\$xf5 gxf5 20. \$\mathbb{U}\$c2 is better for white.

17.\degree 2 \deqree ae8 18.\degree f2 \degree d6!

Hammer would be happy changing the a-pawn for the f-pawn.

19.\(\mathbb{I}\) ad1 \(\Delta\) f6 20.\(\Delta\) c5 \(\delta\) c8

Hammer doesn't threaten to go ②e4 next because of some tactics. 21... ②e4 22. ②xe4

21.\dd4



21...g5

Hammer: At some point I even got so optimistic that I wanted to play 21... g5. In the end it worked out, but I was in some danger. Polgar: After 21...g5 it started to get complicated.

Red: 21...②e4 works now. 22.ዿxe4 fxe4 23.\(\) xe4 \(\) xe4 \(\) xe4 \(\) xf4 when black even looks slightly better.

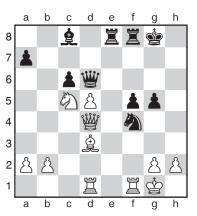
22.罩f1!

Polgar threatens to take on g5 and f5. 22...g4 should be a real concession, since black has weakened his king's position without gaining anything. Hammer thought for some minutes and continued to play actively.

22...@h5 23.fxg5 hxg5 24.c4

Polgar: After 24.c4 I should be clearly better, but I misplayed it and I was almost worse.

24...包f4 25.cxd5



25...cxd5

Black may want to exchange queen with 25... $\text{ act} \times \text{ cet} + \text{ cet}$ give white any advantage, but there is 26. $\text{ act} \times \text{ cet}$, winning.

26.罩f3

26.\(\hat{2}c4\) doesn't win the pawn due to 26...\(\hat{2}c2+27.\hat{2}xe2\) \(\beta xe2\) with counterthreat against b2.

26...₩e5

The queen exchange helps black to activate is remaining pieces.

28.h4 undermining the knight seems interesting. If 28...♠xd3 then 29.♠xd3 threatens on e5 and wins the pawn on g5.

28... 2e6 29. 2xe6 \$xe6



Black has three pawn islands compared to white's two, but the pawns are quite easy to defend. Black also has an advantage — in space, which makes it easier for him to bring the king to the centre.

30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)f7 31.\(\mathbb{Z}\)f2 f4 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)g7 33.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xe1 \(\mathbb{Z}\)b7 35.\(\mathbb{Z}\)3 \(\mathbb{Z}\)f5

35...⊈f6 followed by ⊈e5 looks pleasant for black.

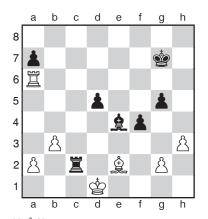
36.\a6

Cutting of the black king.

36...罩c7

If black starts with 36...\$e4 he allows 37.\$\dd2 \textsqc2 38.\$\d3 \&xg2 39.\textsqc+

37. ge2 Ec1+ 38. dd2 Ec2+ 39. dd1 ge4



40.\(\mathbf{\pm}\)f3

 $40.\Xi xa7+$ \$\div f6\$ wins a pawn for white, but only black can be better here with the passed pawn and active king.

40...≌b2 41.фe1

Stops \(\precent{2} xf3 \) followed by \(\precent{2} f2. \)

41...⊈f7

41...\(\hat{L}\)xf3 42.gxf3 \(\frac{\text{H}}{2}\) is a dubious winning attempt, which is mostly dangerous for Hammer. I think Polgar should wait with capturing on a7, not to allow Hammer's king to reach e3. The following move are not the only ones, but simply one logical continuation. 43.b4

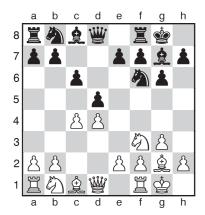
置xh3 44.b5 置xf3 45.置xa7+ 总f6 46.b6 and black can at least not win 46... 是h3 47.b7 置h1+ 48. 总d2 置b1 49. 总c2 置b5 (49... 置b6 50. 置a6! wins for white.) 50.a4 置b4 51.a5 f3 52. 置a6+! Now black can't go to e5 (b8營 with check) or to f5 (營f8+, winning the queen on f1). 52... 总f7 53. 置b6 置xb6 54.axb6 f2 55.b8營 f1營 and in queen endgames the most important thing is not the number of pawns, but who has the most advanced pawns. White is winning here.

42. \$\ddots + \ddots e7 43. \$\ddots f3 \ddots f7 44. \$\ddots h5 + \ddots e7 45. \$\ddots f3 \langle f3 \langle

M. Carlsen - V. Anand 1.d4 ፟∅f6 2.c4 g6

Anand abandoned Grunfeld after his loss against Topalov in the first game in Sofia, but came back to it once during the match and drew easily.

3.2f3 &g7 4.g3 0-0 5.&g2 c6 6.0-0 d5



7.**包bd2**

7.cxd5 cxd5 was the mainline decades ago and was played by Karpov and Kasparov among others. The position is symmetrical but white can try to use the extra tempo. 7.b3 is recommended in Avrukhs book Grandmaster Repertoir: 1.d4. Unlike Carlsen he places the knight

on c3 in most cases.

7...\$f5 8.b3 \@e4 9.\\$b2 \@a6

I haven't seen this move before, but it's nothing wrong with it.

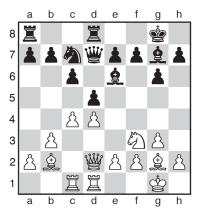
10.2h4

White's standard plan.

10...**②xd2** 11.₩xd2 **≜e6**

And black's standard reply. Now it looks like e2-e4 is white's standard break, but it's not as dangerous as it looks. Instead Carlsen simply develops his pieces and takes space on the queen side.

12.\(\mathbb{Z}\) ac1 \(\mathbb{W}\) d7 13.\(\Delta\) f3 \(\mathbb{Z}\) fd8 14.\(\mathbb{Z}\) fd1 \(\Delta\) c7



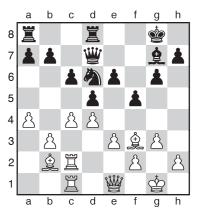
15.₩a5!?

I am not sure what the queen really does on a5, but it somehow distrurbs black.

15...වe8 16.e3 இg4?!

Anand gives up the bishop pair, to stop \$\inserteq e5-ideas\$, but this gives white a long term advantage. White also has some space advantage on the c-file, but I am not sure if this should be consiered as a long term advantage. 16... \$\mathscr{\mathscr{m}}\$c7 was a better option.

17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)d2 \(\mathbb{L}\)xf3 18.\(\mathbb{L}\)xf3 e6 19.\(\mathbb{Z}\)dc2 \(\Delta\)d6 20.a4 f5 21.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e1



I don't think Carlsen's next move is a4–a5, since it gives him difficulties to continue taking space. After a4–a5 black probably replies with a7–a6. Then c4–c5 gives up the b5–square, and b3–b4 allows ♠xc4. Instead Carlsens plan is probably to start with c4–c5, before he plays b3–b4–b5. Since c4–c5 releases the pressure against the d5–pawn, it allows black to play for e6–e5. Therefore I think that Carlsen has to wait some moves before playing c4–c5, probably until he is ready to stop e6–e5 with f2–f4.

21...a5?

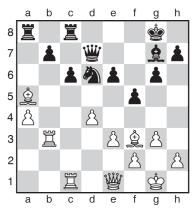
Carlsen: Probably the first game was not faultless, but I felt that I played quite well. I put some pressure on him and managed to win. Well, from this opening white doesn't really aim for much of an andvantage, but just to get some position to play and put some pressure. Vishys 21...a5 is actually a blunder due to 22.cxd5 exd5 23.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc5 which actually wins the a-pawn. Apart from that 21... a5 is positionally a very sound move. In the game I had a bit of pressure, but not decicive. Anand: Essentially I threw away the game in one move, 21...a5. As soon as I went there I saw \(\mathbb{Z}\)c5. Magnus

is better even after what he did.

22.\(\mathbb{L}\)c3?! Dxc4

22... ₩c7 It's not pleasant to have the queen on the same file as white's rooks, but it seems that it's not possible for white to take advantage of this fact. Ød6−e4 comes next.

23.\(\preceq\)xa5 cxb3 24.\(\preceq\)b2 \(\preceq\)dc8 25.\(\preceq\)xb3



Black's pieces must defend b7, which gives white some advantage, but white also has problems with the undefended pawn on a4.

This helps white to move the bishop from a5. 28. \$b4 \$xb4

28... \(\mathbb{Z}\) xa4 29.\(\dag{\pm}\) xf8 \(\mathbb{Z}\) xf8 \(\mathbb{Z}\) xf8 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\) xb7 and black will soon collapse.

32.h4



32...h5?!

Anand: 32...h5 was not very necessary, at least at that point.

33.e4

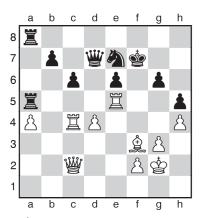
This is a good strategic idea when black has weakened the pawn on g6.

33...≌8a7

Preparing to take on f5 with the knight. gxf5 weakens the king and exf5 allows d4-d5. 33...fxe4 Anand should have played 34.\(\dong{\pma}\)xe4 . 34...\(\dong{\pma}\)xe4 35.\(\dong{\pma}\)xe4 gives white a double threat against b7 and g6 but black has 35... \ddsymbol{\dagger} d5! 36. \ddsymbol{\dagger} xd5 cxd5 37.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xb7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa4 38.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e7 \(\mathbb{Z}\)xd4 39.\(\mathbb{Z}\)bb7 and I am not sure if white can win.

34.exf5 ፟\(\Delta\)xf5 35.\(\mathbb{E}\)e1 \(\mathbb{E}\)a5 36.\(\mathbb{E}\)b3 \(\mathbb{D}\)f7 36... ②xd4 37. ℤxd4 [₩]xd4 38. ℤxe6 should be winning for white.

37.\(\mathbb{Z}\)e4 \(\Delta\)e7 38.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c2 \(\Delta\)d5 39.\(\mathbb{Z}\)c4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)a8 40.罩e5 包e7?



41. £xh5

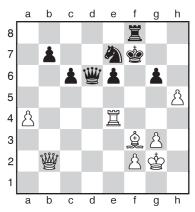
Carlsen: I know I was winning essentially when I got in Bxh5, it should be more or less winning, because black has too many weaknesses.

41...≅xe5

Anand: When I played 40... De7 I missed 41...gxh5 42.\ddot\h7+ \dot\h6 f8 43.\ddot\h6+! \dot\h98

42.dxe5 ₩d5+ 43.\$f3 ₩xe5 44.\@e4 \@d6 45.h5!

Exchanges the last pawn in front of black's king.

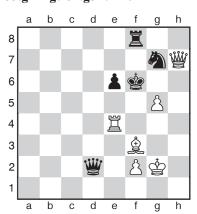


46...b5

Anand sacrifices a pawn to get a tempo defending. That's a good decision, since a queen exchange still gives black very good drawing chances.

47.axb5 cxb5 48.\\xi\xb5 \&\f5 49.\\xi\b17+ ₩d2?

52... d8 is best, with the idea 53.g4 \ and label{label} label{label} h8 53.g4 2 g7 54.g5+! 1-0

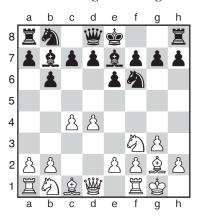


54.g5+ \displayses xg5+ 55.\displayses g4 and black can't defend the knight on g7.

J.L. Hammer - J. Polgar 1.d4 2f6 2.2f3

This move order avoids some of black's minor lines: Czech Benoni, Budapest gambit. It can also be some sort of general Anti-Benoni, for example 2..e6 3.c4 c5 4.g3, which doesn't allow black to use the setup in Hammer-Carlsen. 2. 2 f3 also has some drawbacks, limiting white's possibilities against Grunfeld and King's Indian. It also forces white to enter the Oueens Indian rather than the Kings Indian.

2...e6 3.c4 b6 4.g3 &b7 5.&g2 &e7 6.0-0



6...d5

This transposes into the Catalan, the same line as in the best game in yesterday's bulletin, Tiger Hillarp -Kjell Tore Sandum. Black did play this line some decades ago, but now it's considered slightly dubious. 6...0-0 is the normal move in Queen's Indian.

7.cxd5 exd5

When this kind of position arises white has usually spend a tempo on a3, \(\mathbb{Z}\)e1 or b3. Three of the members in Kristiansund Siakklubb reached this position with wh z\(\delta\) ite this summer. Independent of each other all played an early 5e5, so this

seems to be the main plan for white.

8. \$\Delta e5 0-0 9. \$\Delta c3 \$\Delta a6 10. \$\delta g5?!

Exchanges the bishop and makes black's life a bit easier. Most common is 10.\(\delta\)f4

10...ᡚe4 11.ዿxe7 ∰xe7 12.፰c1 c5

In the previous mentioned game Sandum played with c6, which is too passive.

13.e3 \(\mathbb{Z}\) ac8 14.\(\mathbb{Z}\) e1

I am curious to know the reason to this move.

14...≅fd8



15. \$h3! 閏a8

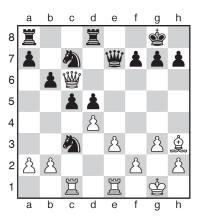
15... \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7? 16. \(\Delta\)b5 wins the exchange. I can't really understand why Polgar didn't play 15... \(\Delta\)xc3 followed by \(\mathbb{Z}\)c7. The rook must be better on c7 than a8.

16.\\alpha a4 \(\Delta\)c7 17.\(\Delta\)c6!?

Transposing the active placement of the pieces to a slight material advantage.

17...\$xc6

17...營e8 18.②xd8 wins for white. 17...營f6 but 18.②xe4 (18.②xd8 營xf2+ 19.查h1 also wins.) 18...營xc6 19.營xc6 ②xc6 20.dxc5 dxe4 21.cxb6 axb6 22.莒xc6 is a safe pawn up for white.



This is a critical position and Hammer thought for a while here. Black will probably play c5–c4 next. In that position black has a queenside majority while white has an extra e–pawn. White's plan it that kind of position is to advance e3–e4. When this is done d4 loses it's protection. Therefore Hammer played

19.bxc3!

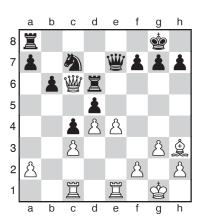
protecting the pawn on d4.

19...c4

19... Ed6 Polgar: In game two I was very happy with my opening. I wanted to play 20. 44 c4 . I thought that I had an even better version, but I missed 21.exd5. After that I was trying hard with all kind of tricks, but it was not enough. 21.e4 I think white has some advantage here. White can either chose to play for activity with exd5 or for a better pawn structure with e4–e5. After e5, white's plan is f4–f5 and either e6 or f6, weakening black's king.

20.e4 罩d6

20... d6 21.exd5 ∆xd5 22. Ee8+ also wins for white.; 20...dxe4 21. Exe4 and c4 drops off.



21.exd5! \d8

21... 墨xc6 Surprisingly black can hold on to the material with 22. 墨xe7 如xd5 23. 墨d7 如f6 24. 彙g2 墨cc8! 25. 墨e7 如f8 26. 墨ce1 墨e8!! which is difficult to find in a rapid game. Instead, white can play 25. 墨b7 with a clear advantage due to the active pieces.

22. 學xc4 ②xd5 23. 罩e5

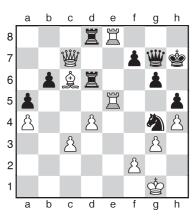
Just like in his win against Carlsen Hammer continues to play actively after he won material. This is what you should do, but many players becomes to satisfied and starts to defend in such conditions.

Black is almost without moves here, but it's also difficult for Hammer to find a good plan.

28...h5 29.h4 g6 30.a4 \(\mathbb{@} g7 31.\mathbb{E} 1e5

31.\(\mathbb{\text{\mathbb{m}}}\)xb6 picks up another pawn and 31...\(\mathbb{\mathbb{E}}\)c8 is simply met by 32.\(\mathbb{\mathbb{E}}\)c7

31...包g4 32.罩e8+ 空h7



33.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xd8?

This move was played instantly by Hammer and is in fact a mistake. 33.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xh5+! gxh5 34.\mathbb{\mathbb{L}}e4+\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}g6 35.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}xd8 forces resignation. 33.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}5e7 also wins on the spot.

33...\fo! 34.\faile2!

34.f3 罩xc6 35.豐b8 罩xc3! (35...豐xf3 36.還h8+ 查g7 37.豐f8+ 查f6 38.豐d8+ 查g7 39.還g8+ 查h7 40.還xh5+ gxh5 41.還h8+ 查g7 42.豐g8+ 查f6 43.豐g5+ 查e6 44.還e8+ 查d6 45.豐d8# is no line you want to calculate in a rapid game; 35...②xe5 36.dxe5 and black is forced to retreat to g7.) 36.還ee8 還c1+ 37.查g2 還c2+ 38.查g1 draws.

34... 異xd8 35. 空g2 罩d6 36. 桌f3 空g7



37.₩e7!

White is still a pawn up, but black is not completely passive anymore. A wise and good decision. The endgame is easily winning for white.

A last desperate try, which is born out of necessity. 46... ♠xd5 is the ⊕hard⊞ defence, which Kramnik should have chosen, but Hammer shouldn't have any problems winning this with his active king.

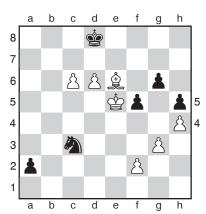
47.axb5 f5+ 48.\(\psi\)e5 \(\max\)b5 49.\(\max\)xb5 \(\max\)b5 50.c4 \(\max\)c3 51.c5 a4

Now black threatens to promote the a−pawn after 52... ②xd5.

52.\(\delta\)e6 a3 53.d5 a2 54.d6+ \(\delta\)d8?

54....堂e8 is the best move, although white wins easily with 55.彙xa2 如xa2 56.堂f6 One possible finish could be 56...如c3 57.堂xg6 如e4 58.堂xh5 如xf2 59.c6 如e4 60.d7+ 堂d8 61.堂g6 如xg3 62.h5

55.c6 1-0



V. Anand - M. Carlsen 1.e4 e5 2.∅f3 ∅c6 3.Ձb5 a6 4.Ձa4 ᡚf6 5.0-0 Ձe7 6.≌e1 b5 7.Ձb3 0-0 8.h3

For the opening phase, see Berg-Kosteniuk in the second bulletin.

8...d6 9.c3 \(\bar{2}\)b8

This is Breyer, an old and trusted line in Ruy Lopez. Black uses two moves to place his knight on the best square and prepare c5.

10.d4 \(\dagger \) bd7 11.\(\dagger \) bd2 \(\dagger \) bd7 12.\(\dagger \) 28



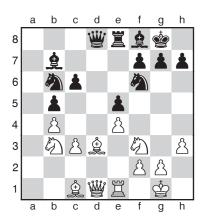
13.a4

The main move is 13.∅f1, continuing with the standard knight manouver.

13....♠f8 14.♠d3 c6 15.b4 ♠b6 16.axb5 After 16.a5 black simply goes back with 16...♠bd7, and is happy that the a-file is closed. Now, when there's no pressure against b5 anymore, c6-c5 is a strong pawn break.

16...axb5 17.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xa8 \(\mathbb{L}\)xa8 \(\mathbb{L}\)xa8 \(\mathbb{L}\)xa8 \(\mathbb{L}\)b3 \(\mathbb{L}\)b7 \(19.4\)dxe5 \(\mathbb{L}\)xe5

Anand exchanges in the centre, thus creating identical pawn structurs.



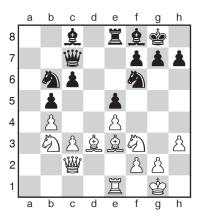
20.\(\pm\)e3?!

I think this move is a slight mistake, and that white should play ②a5, ∰c2, ②c2 and c3-c4.

20...**ģc8**

Carlsen: In the second game I chose an opening variation were I am almost known to be slighty worse, but it's very solid. I thought I had some good moves and then I was completely okay.

21.₩c2 ₩c7



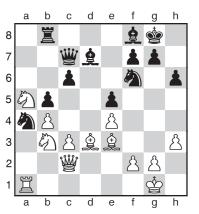
Let's stop here and think about the position. White has lost five tempos so far ($$\pm b5-a4-b3-c2-d3$$ and $$\pm xa8$) while black has lost eight tempos going forth and back ($$\pm b8-c6-b8$$, $$\pm c8-b7-c8$$, $$\pm b7-a8-b7$ and $$\pm f8-e7-f8$). The last

one can't really be seen a a loss of tempo, because black castled in between and the bishop is quite well placed at f8. Anyway, the white's and black's position is identical except that white has three extra tempos (\(\delta d3\), \(\delta e3\), h3). It's not easy to use this tempos for something. c3–c4 should probably be white's plan, but first he needs to protect the pawn on b4.

22. 包a5 单d7 23.罩c1?!

I don't understand this move, and Anand didn't manage to show the point of it during the game. 23.\mathbb{\mathbb{Z}}b1 followed by c4 suggests itself.

23...h6 24.\(\Delta\) d2 \(\Delta\) a4 25.\(\Delta\) db3 \(\Beta\) 8 26.\(\Beta\) a1



26...c5!

Black was the first to get in the important pawn break.

27.bxc5 ②xc5 28. ②xc5 ½-½

Anand has a slightly worse position here, but it will probably equalize in a few moves. I am surprised that he didn't play on, since the difference between drawing (½-1½) and losing (0-2) is only academical. Perhaps he thought that 0-2 would put in a difficult psychological situation at upcoming games against Carlsen.



Viswanathan Anand



Magnus Carlsen



About the tournament

- Well, it's nice to win if you play the world champion, thats for sure. But of happening. course, it would have probably made little bit if there had been more games, How important was this match, but obviously it's still great. I am very happy with the games I played today, at least compared to what i did previous days. As everyone can see it was not very impressive.

About his tournament schedule

- Well, basically I will always be playing tournaments, like in New York, then Bilbao and Nanjing.

About the tournament

- I would say more or less I am satisfied, but also against Hammer I was suffereing. The probablem is that I have not played rapid tournaments since Mainz, so it was nice to play one.
- Obviously its a pity to lose the final. Basically it was pretty pathetic. It would have been nice to play some decent game, but today it was not

since you may meat Carlsen later in a World Championship match?

- Well, you never want to do badly, but it's not necessary to put everything in context. Magnus is a huge talent, he was stronger today.

About his tournament schedule

- After Bilbao we [Anand & Carlsenred] play four tourmanents together.

Do you have a campaign taking back the place as the world's highest rated player?

Jon Ludvig Hammer



Judit Polgar



About the tournament

- I am very happy about myself for sure. In this field I am the rookey, but I got a lot of good position. I spoiled a couple, so I feel I can do even better.

About his ambitions

- Well, my ambition is to play good chess, and if I play good chess, it will hopefully be visible in my results. That is my goal.



Final

Magnus Carlsen - V. Anand 1½-½

Bronze Final

J.L. Hammer - Judit Polgar 1½-½

About the tournament

- In the first game I had clearly favourable position after the opening. Then I was over optimistic. If the first games goes well, it can continue in the tournament. Definitely I need some positive results to feel better.

About her ambitions

- I want to come back to top 20 in the world. But well, generally speaking I played very little, actually most of my mistakes depended on the lack of playing. Ao I try to play more in the future and hope to get back my practical strength.

About her tournament schedule

- In a week time I meet Magnus in New York, I try to help the audience to beat Magnus. After that I go to the Olympic, the a rapid in Rome, and a rapid in Cap d'Adge, and then Mexico. So I am pretty busy.

| ļ. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|----------------|--------|
| GM Judit Polgar | 0 | 0 2 | 3 1/2 | 4 1/2 | ² 0 | 1/2 3 |
| GM <u>Viswanathan Anand</u> | 13 | 1 1 | 1/2 4 | ³ 1 | 1 | 14 1/2 |
| GM Jon Ludvig Hammer | 0 | ⁴ 0 | 1/2 | 0 2 | 1 | 1/2 |
| GM Magnus Carlsen | 1 1 | 1 3 | 2 1/2 | 1/2 | ³ O | 1/2 2 |





